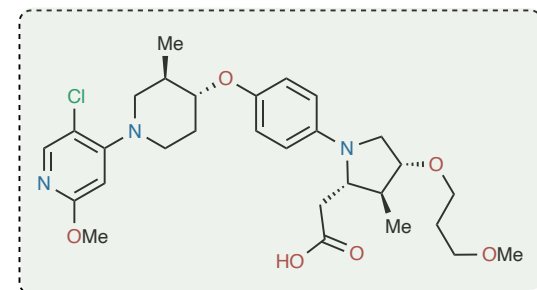
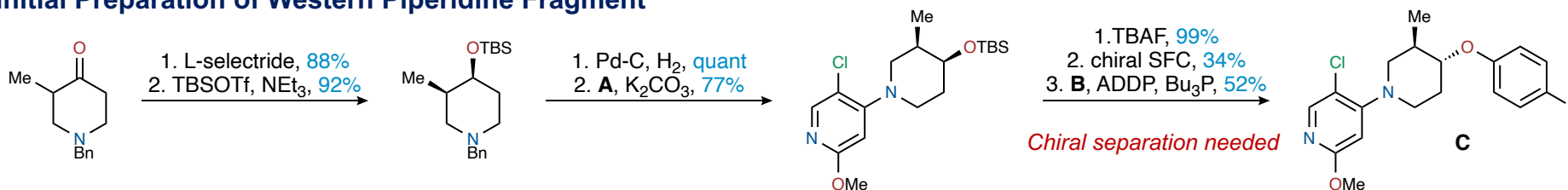


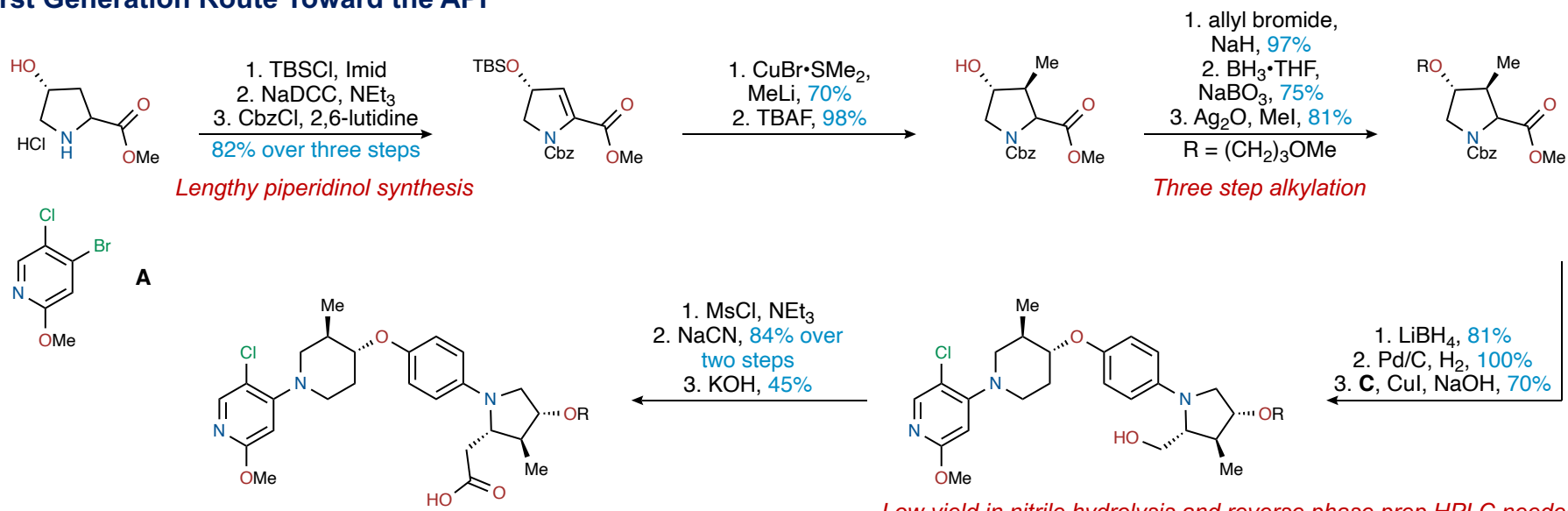
- GPR40 is a free fatty acid receptor. It is expressed in the pancreas and modulates insulin secretion stimulated by glucose.
- GPR40 Agonist compound 1 is an agonist that acts as a positive allosteric modulator (AgoPAM) which is responsible for increasing the affinity of an agonist.
- These drugs are developed for the treatment of type two diabetes mellitus.
- Mechanism of action: stimulates glucose-dependent insulin and GLP-1 secretion
- In vivo, the drug has lowered plasma glucose levels in rats in an oral challenge model and more of the compound was needed for toxicological testing.



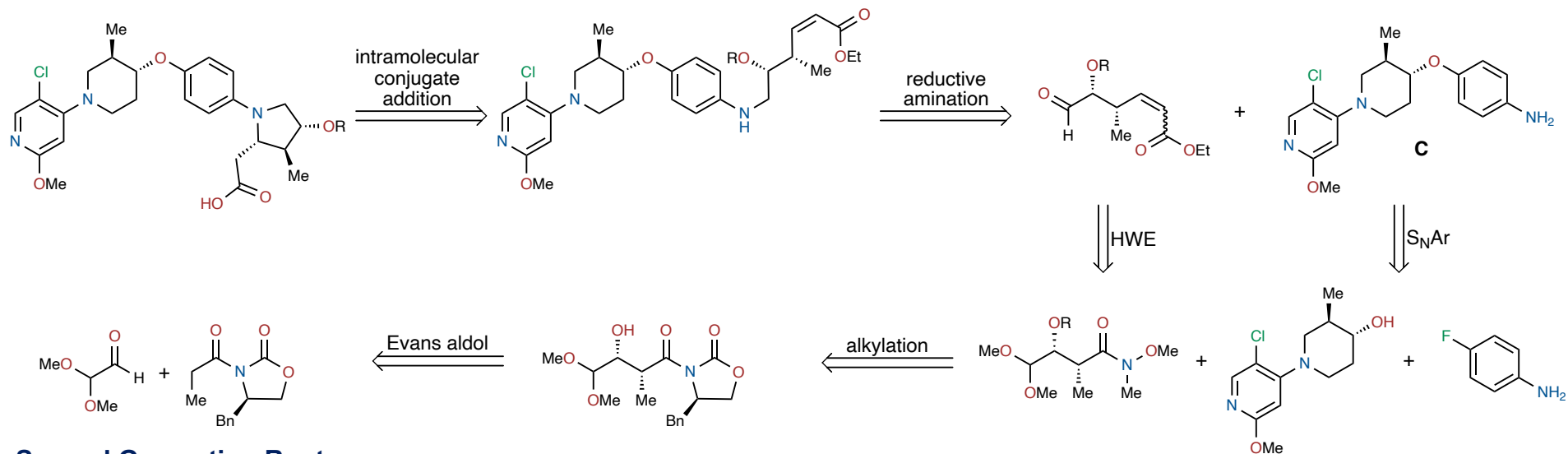
Initial Preparation of Western Piperidine Fragment



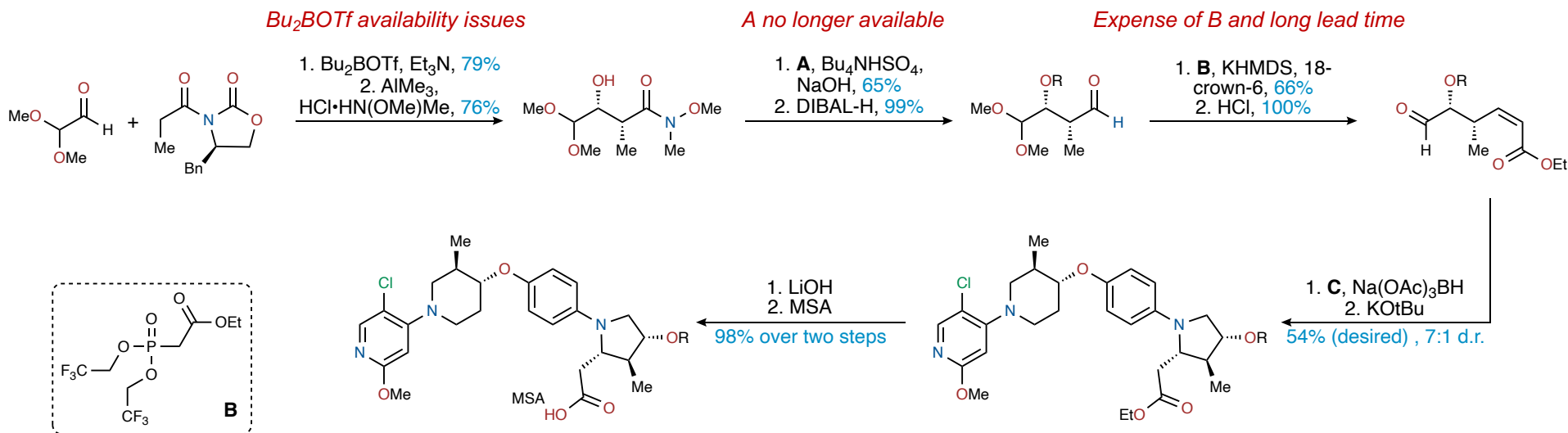
First Generation Route Toward the API



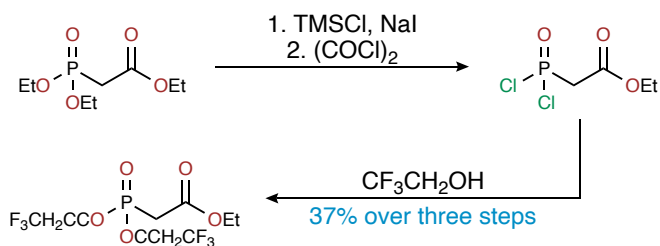
Second Generation Retrosynthesis



Second Generation Route

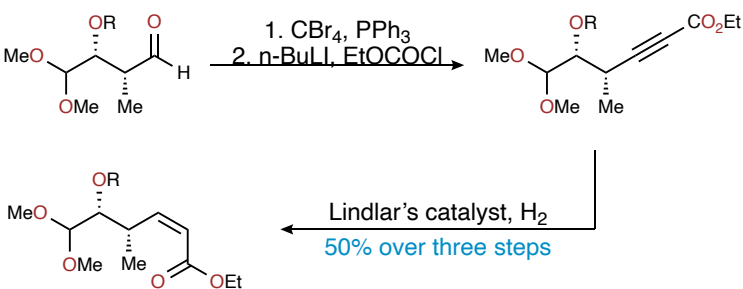


Still-Gennari Phosphonate Preparation



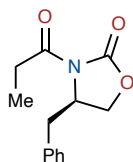
Sealed tube needed first step and low yielding

13% overall step increase, scalable and reproducible



Phosphonate Preparation Via Corey-Fuchs

Optimized Route Toward API



30% overall yield to make the aldehyde

Five columns to two in route

Cryogenic conditions decreased from five to one