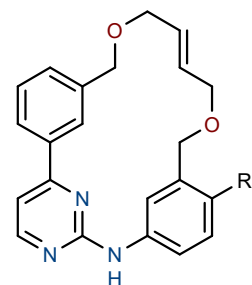
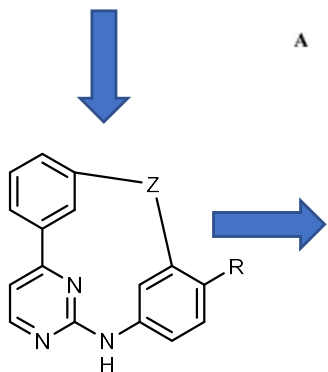
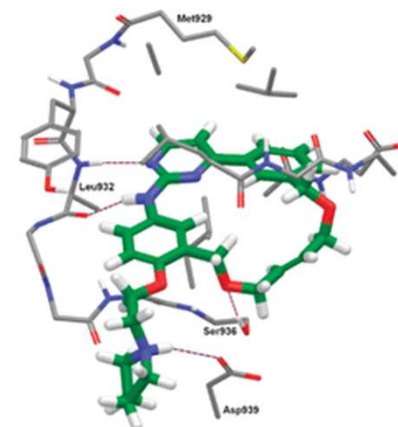
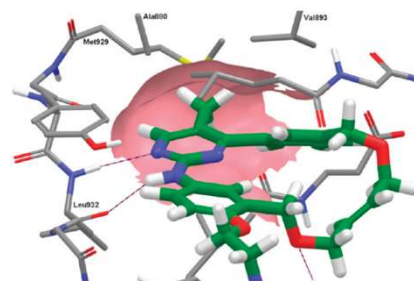
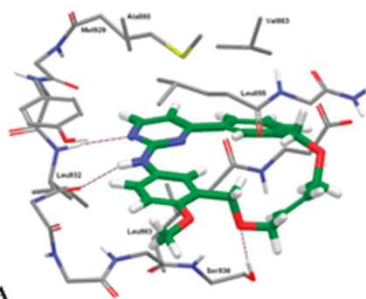
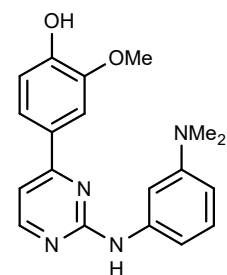
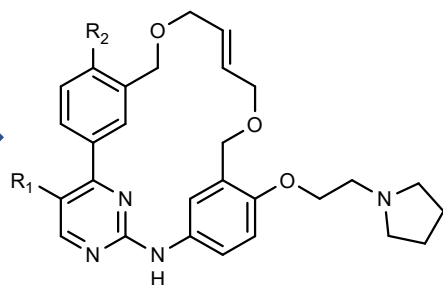
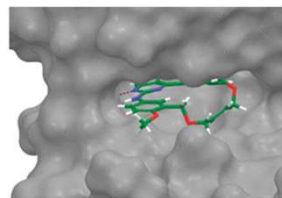




- Inhibits Janus kinase 2 (JAK2) and Fms-like tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3)
- Approved in February 2022 for treatment of primary and secondary myelofibrosis (MF) in adult patients w/ significantly reduced platelet counts ( $< 50 \times 10^9/L^2$ )
  - Provides treatment option for MF patients with severe thrombocytopenia (occurs in ~1/3 of MF patients and carries a poor prognosis)
  - In 2016, the FDA placed a full clinical hold on pacritinib due to concerns over excess deaths and cardiac and hemorrhagic complications in the preliminary results of the PERSIST-1 phase 3 study
- taken twice daily (200 mg)

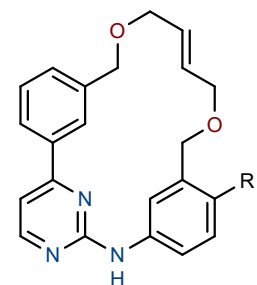


R = OH, OMe

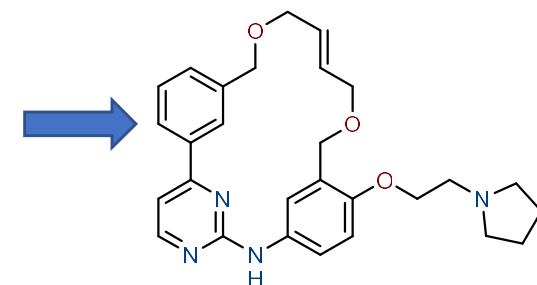
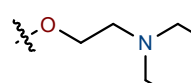
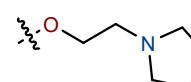


R<sub>1</sub> = Me, R<sub>2</sub> = H  
R<sub>1</sub> = H, R<sub>2</sub> = OMe

SAR of aryl rings  
Increase solubility



R =

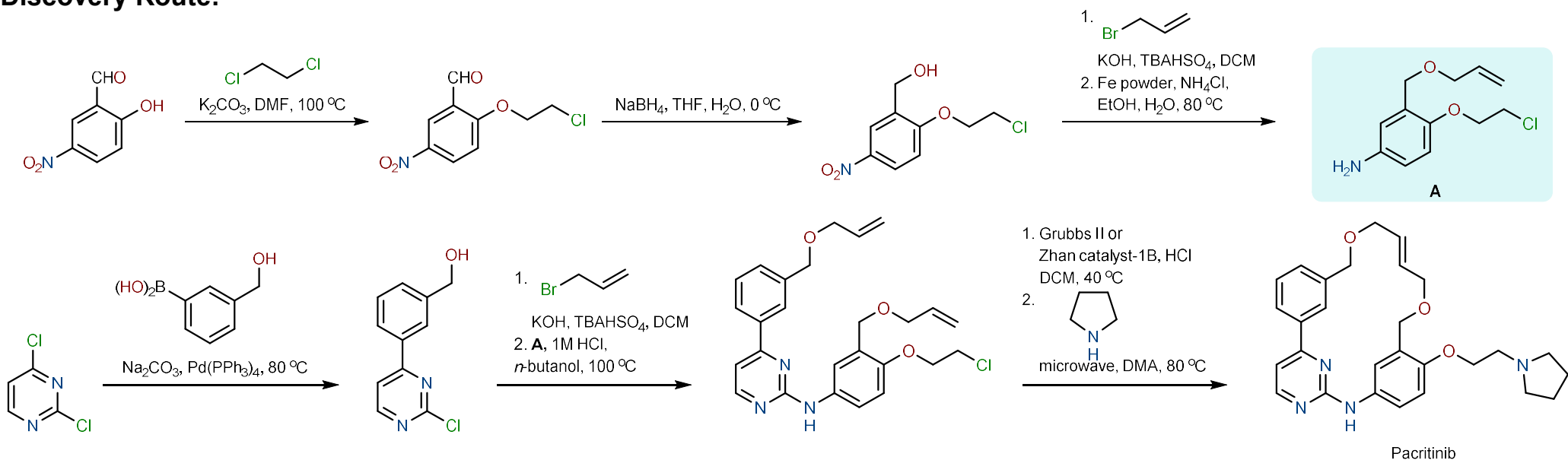


Pacritinib

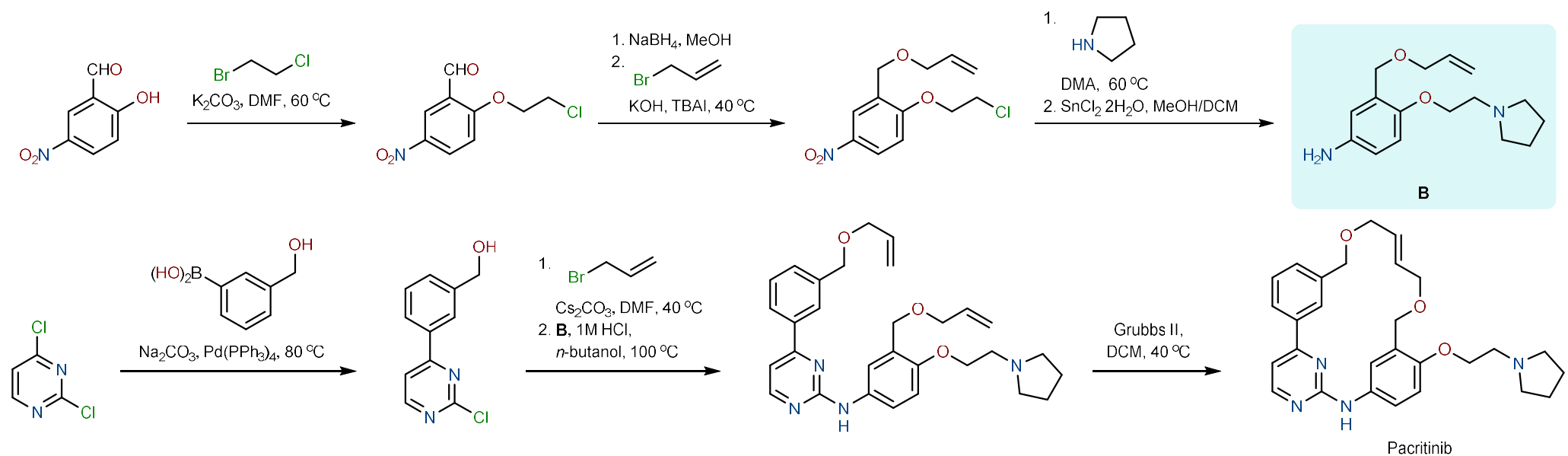
Kinase	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM ± s.d.)	Selectivity vs JAK2
JAK1	1280 ± 370	56
JAK2	23 ± 6	1.0
JAK2 (V617F)*	19	0.8
JAK3	520 ± 110	23
TYK2	50 ± 6	2.2
FLT3	22 ± 6	1.0
FLT3 (D835Y)*	6	0.3

“however, these rather ubiquitous pyrimidine-based motifs are heavily patented with very narrow possibilities for developing proprietary compounds”

## Discovery Route:



## Patent Route:



WO2007058627A1